



SAFETY DATA SHEET

SUPER BLEACH 10 5L

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	SUPER BLEACH 10 5L	
Product number	800-102-0060	
Container size	5 litres	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Supplier	COVENTRY CHEMICALS LTD WOODHAMS RD SISKIN DRIVE COVENTRY CV3 4FX	
	Tel: +44 (0) 02476639739 Fax: +44 (0) 02476639717 Email: sales@coventrychemicals.com	
Contact person	For content of safety data sheet:,sds@coventrychemicals.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone nur	nber	
Emergency telephone	+44 (0) 1865407333 (Strictly for emergencies only: incidents involving damage to human health and/or the environment)	
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	ation	
2.1. Classification of the subst	ance or mixture	
Classification		
Physical hazards	Not Classified	
Health hazards	Skin Corr. 1B - H314	
Environmental hazards	Not Classified	
Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	Xi;R36/38. N;R50. R31.	
2.2. Label elements		
Pictogram		

Hazard statements	H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statements	 P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P102 Keep out of reach of children.
Contains	SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, % CI ACTIVE
Detergent labelling	5 - < 15% chlorine-based bleaching agents
Supplementary precautionary statements	 P234 Keep only in original container. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label). P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. P391 Collect spillage. P405 Store locked up. P406 Store in corrosive resistant/ container with a resistant inner liner. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, ... % CI ACTIVE 5-10% CAS number: 7681-52-9 EC number: 231-668-3 **REACH** registration number: 01-2119488154-34-XXXX M factor (Acute) = 10 Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Met. Corr. 1 - H290 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 C;R34 R31 N;R50

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures 4.1. Description of first aid measures General information Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention immediately. For breathing difficulties, oxygen may be necessary. Ingestion Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.	
Eye contact	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Continue to rinse.	
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Get medical attention immediately.	
Inhalation	Gas (chlorine), emitted under fire or acidic conditions, is toxic by inhalation.	
Ingestion	Will immediately cause corrosion of, and damage to, the gastrointestinal tract.	
Skin contact	May cause serious chemical burns to the skin.	
Eye contact	May cause severe inflammation, corneal ulcers and permanent impairment of vision.	
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed	
Notes for the doctor	Symptomatic treatment and supportive therapy as indicated.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures		
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture		
Specific hazards	Contact with some metals eg. aluminium, zinc can produce flammable hydrogen.gas. Oxidising agent; may assist combustion. Containers may burst if overheated.	
Specific hazards Hazardous combustion products		
Hazardous combustion	Oxidising agent; may assist combustion. Containers may burst if overheated. Fire or high temperatures create: Chlorine. Oxides of the following substances: Chlorine.	
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Hazardous combustion products 5.3. Advice for firefighters Protective actions during	Oxidising agent; may assist combustion. Containers may burst if overheated. Fire or high temperatures create: Chlorine. Oxides of the following substances: Chlorine. Hydrogen chloride (HCI).	
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Hazardous combustion products 5.3. Advice for firefighters Protective actions during firefighting Special protective equipment for firefighters SECTION 6: Accidental releas 6.1. Personal precautions, pro Personal precautions 6.2. Environmental precautions	Oxidising agent; may assist combustion. Containers may burst if overheated. Fire or high temperatures create: Chlorine. Oxides of the following substances: Chlorine. Hydrogen chloride (HCI). Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. e measures tective equipment and emergency procedures Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. s Avoid or minimise the creation of any environmental contamination. Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.	

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections	For waste disposal, see Section 13. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards.
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	orage
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	alling
Usage precautions	Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the formation of mists. Provide adequate ventilation. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid contact with acids and other cleaning agents.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash hands and any other contaminated areas of the body with soap and water before leaving the work site.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage	ge, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store in tightly-closed, original container in a well-ventilated place. Acids. Suitable containers: high density polyethylene.
Storage class	Corrosive storage.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
SECTION 8: Exposure Contro	ols/personal protection
8.1. Control parameters	
Ingredient comments	No exposure limits known for ingredient(s). In case of Chlorine emmission, the WEL for Chlorine should be observed: Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) 1 ppm / 2.9 mg/m3. Long Term Exposure Limit (LTEL) 0.5 ppm / 1.5 mg/m3. WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits
	SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, % CI ACTIVE (CAS: 7681-52-9)
DNEL	Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1.55 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.55 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 3.1 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 3.1 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1.55 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.55 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 3.1 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 3.1 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 3.1 mg/m ³
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.00021 mg/l - Marine water; 0.000042 mg/l - Intermittent release; 0.00026 mg/l - STP; 0.03 mg/l
8.2. Exposure controls	
Protective equipment	

Appropriate engineering controls

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Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection	Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield.
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves. Neoprene. Nitrile rubber. Polyethylene. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC).
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact. Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Use appropriate skin cream to prevent drying of skin.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection not normally required. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Type approved for mists if OES likely to be exceeded. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Gas filter, type B.
Environmental exposure controls	Users should be aware of environmental considerations and their duties under the environmental protection act. Further information may be found on Government websites: www.dti.gov.uk/access/index/htm and www.envirowise.gov.uk.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Green-yellow.
Odour	Chlorine.
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
рН	pH (concentrated solution): 12.3
Melting point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and range	Not applicable.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Evaporation factor	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not determined.
Relative density	1.08 @ 20°C
Bulk density	Not applicable.
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition Temperature	Not applicable.
Viscosity	Not determined.
Explosive properties	Not applicable
Oxidising properties	Not applicable.
Comments	Information given is applicable to the product as supplied.
9.2. Other information	

Other information	Not relevant.
SECTION 10: Stability and re	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	Reacts with many inorganic and organic compounds Contact with acids liberates toxic chlorine gas.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable under the prescribed storage conditions. Decomposes over time. Factors that increase the rate of decomposition: increase in temperature, certain metallic impurities, high initial concentration, fall in pH below 11and exposure to light.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Contact with acids liberates toxic chlorine gas. Oxidising agent; may assist combustion. Reacts with ammonia solutions and amines to form explosive compounds.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Acids. Ammonium compounds. Organic compounds. Metals, particularly copper, nickel and iron.
10.6. Hazardous decompositi	on products
Hazardous decomposition products	Chlorine.
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	nformation
11.1. Information on toxicolog	jical effects
Toxicological effects	Data for sodium hypochlorite solution 15% shows low acute oral toxicity: LC50(rat, oral) 1100 mg/kg (as available chlorine).
Other health effects	There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.
General information	This product has low toxicity.
Inhalation	Gas or vapour may irritate the respiratory system.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause severe irritation of the mouth, the oesophagus and the gastrointestinal tract.
Skin contact	May cause serious chemical burns to the skin.
Eye contact	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Corneal damage.
Acute and chronic health hazards	Gas (chlorine), emitted under fire or acidic conditions, is toxic by inhalation.
SECTION 12: Ecological Info	rmation
Ecotoxicity	There are no data on the ecotoxicity of this product.

ECOTOXICITY	There are no data on the ecotoxicity of this product.
12.1. Toxicity	
Toxicity	Concentrations greater that 10ppm or ph value greater than 10.5 may be fatal to fish and other aquatic organisms.

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	Can cause damage to aquatic plants.
Acute toxicity - terrestrial	Can cause damage to vegetation.
12.2. Persistence and degrada	ability
Persistence and degradability	This product contains inorganic compounds which are not biodegradable. Reacts with organic substances in soil and sediments and degrades rapidly to chloride salts. Substantially removed in biological treatment processes.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	
Bioaccumulative potential	The product is not bioaccumulating.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Mobility	The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvI	3 assessment
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	There is evidence that sodium hypochlorite inhibits the aerobic treatment process at a concentration of 0.05 mg/l.
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	erations
13.1. Waste treatment method	s
General information	Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered.
Disposal methods	Dispose of via an authorised and appropriately licensed waste contractor. Packaging is recyclable. Wash out containers with water before disposal.
Waste class	EWC Code: 06 02 04
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1791
UN No. (IMDG)	1791
UN No. (ICAO)	1791
14.2. UN proper shipping nam	e
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION
Proper shipping name (ADN)	HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	es)
ADR/RID class	8
ADR/RID subsidiary risk	

ADR/RID label	8	
IMDG class	8	
IMDG subsidiary risk		
ICAO class/division	8	
ICAO subsidiary risk		

Transport labels



14.4 Booking group	
14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	
IMDG packing group	III
ICAO packing group	III
14.5. Environmental hazards	
14.6. Special precautions for u	Jser
IMDG Code segregation group	8. Hypochlorites
EmS	F-A, S-B
Emergency Action Code	2X
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	80
Tunnel restriction code	(E)
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
SECTION 15: Regulatory info	rmation

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulationsThe Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No. 2677) (as
amended).
The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment
Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].
The Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005.

EU legislation	 Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010 amending Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, Commission Directive 2000/39/EC of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended by Decision 2001/118/EC establishing a list of wastes and hazardous waste pursuant to Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste and Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste with amendments.
Guidance	Technical Guidance WM2: Hazardous Waste. COSHH Essentials. ECHA Guidance on the Application of the CLP Criteria. ECHA Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets. Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) has been completed for Sodium hypochlorite.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	EWC European Waste Catalogue
General information	Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision date	12/05/2015
Revision	1
SDS number	20445
Risk phrases in full	R31 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas. R34 Causes burns.
	R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin. R50 Very toxic to aquatic organisms.